Arizona National Scenic Trail
Sharing Authoritative Data with our Partners

from Mexico to Utah
Designated by Congress in 2009 as one of America’s 11 National Scenic Trails

800 mile route showcasing Arizona’s diverse geology, vegetation, wildlife, natural scenery, history and culture.

Connects deserts, mountains, forests, wilderness, canyons, historic sites, communities and people.
Assigned to Sec. of Agriculture

Forest Service administering agency

BLM, NPS managing agencies
## 11 National Scenic Trails

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Trail Name</th>
<th>Year Designated</th>
<th>Miles</th>
<th>Lead</th>
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<tr>
<td>Appalachian</td>
<td>1968</td>
<td>2,174</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pacific Crest</td>
<td>1968</td>
<td>2,638</td>
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<tr>
<td>Continental Divide</td>
<td>1978</td>
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<td>North Country</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice Age</td>
<td>1980</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>1983</td>
<td>1,400</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Potomac Heritage</td>
<td>1983</td>
<td>700</td>
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<td>Natchez Trace</td>
<td>1983</td>
<td>695</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>2009</td>
<td>807</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New England</td>
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<td>220</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pacific Northwest</td>
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National Scenic Trails

There is no consistent national trail content protocol and we lack a strategic way to manage and update the trail geography and associated attributes from multiple partners.
Challenges: Managing data contributions from stakeholders

How is national trail data shared and stored?

- No methodology to exchange data or trail edits
- There is no designated authoritative steward for entire AZNST – multiple publishers
- Updates are manual and ad-hoc
- No common data standard for national trails – each agency uses unique data content and publishes the trail in multiple formats
Automating, sharing, and leveraging trail data through a widely-accepted standard can provide a variety of important benefits:

Federal Trail Data Standards

Federal Trails Data Standards Team
Federal Geographic Data Committee

November 2011
Value of using FGDC Trail Data Standards

- **Efficiency** – create and gather trails data
- **Compatibility** – compiling data from one project that is compatible with other applications.
- **Reliability** – improving the quality of shared trail data by increasing the number of people who find and correct errors
- **Consistency** – using the same standards meshing data produced by one organization with another organization and meshing across boundaries
- **Conflict resolution** – resolving conflicting trail data more easily if compliant to the same standard.

Published in 2011 – however no spatial geodatabase was developed
TASK 1

Create a National Trail data standard and schema

• National Trails geodatabase design matches FTDS closely
• Minimum of attributes
• Domains built to reflect National Trail Standards
• Work with ESRI – assessment of final trail data standard
• Portable – simple
• Whole trail, not just parts
• Worked with ESRI for NTDS review
Task 1 ESRI Review

- Review Existing AZNT geodatabase design against FTDS
- Summarize outcomes and draft a report
- Final deliverable: AZNT Geodatabase Recommendations Report
Crosswalk of FS, Federal, and Arizona NS Trail Attributes

This diagram shows the trail attribute linkage between the Forest Service Trails spatial data, the Federal Trails geodatabase schema, and the Arizona National Scenic Trail spatial data.

The Forest Service trail data was linked to core attributes using the Geospatial Interface tool. The tool pulls core attributes from Infra, links them to the spatial Trails data layer, and exports a new spatial dataset. As a result of this transformation, not all attributes are shown as would be seen in the Region 3 Data Dictionary Guide. However, more attributes are available to crosswalk to the Federal Trails data schema.

The Federal Trails geodatabase schema was created from the Federal Trail Data Standards document, FGDC Document Number FGDC-STD-017-2011. Attributes were created according to the document, with assumptions made in line with other attributes if no information was available.

The Arizona National Scenic Trail was obtained from Region 9’s Collaboration ANST folder on the T drive. This data is originally sourced from the Arizona Trails Association.

This diagram is to be used for purposes of planning only.
Arizona National Scenic Trail
Geodatabase Findings and Recommendations

ESRI Database Services

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This project has been requested by the USDA Forest Service Southwestern Region - Laura White, Arizona National Scenic Trail Administrator, Dennis Garcia, Recreation Data Management Specialist and Candace Bogart, Regional GIS Coordinator
Challenges: How is national trail data shared?

How is national trail data shared?

- Federal & State agencies maintain their own disparate information about the trail - geography and attributes
- No methodology to exchange data
- Multiple versions and content for national trails – who has authoritative version?
- Multiple publishers
- Trails are segmented differently
Feature Service Requirements

- Enterprise Geodatabase – based on National Trail Data standards
  - Registered as versioned
- ArcGIS Server – creates feature services based on versioned data.
  - Must allow connections from outside the organization
- ArcGIS Online – grants access to the feature services
- Each partner agency edits a version of the AZNST alignment
- Other agencies may need ETL to be transferred into a version of AZNST
Steps to Public Trail – on the ground and in the cloud

- Developed a geodatabase schema based on FGDC Trail Standards
- Populated the schema with the best geography of entire trail location in a feature class. (FS Data uploaded from SDE Forest Library)

**Proposed:** Built a feature service on the edit version

- Serve the edit version to designated partners through AGOL
- Partners have full edit capability to edit trail locations
Develop process for AZNST

Review and Comment

Worked with ESRI to develop methodology for trail updates

- Using Versioned Feature service

Data steward can check edits and promote to authoritative Access controlled through AGOL

Each editor uses an AGOL account

All agencies receive same copy of data

Edit versions are vetted through governance

AZTrail Board
User Types for Workflow

- **ArcGIS Online Account Manager** – which AGOL users have access to edit version of trail, create AGOL accounts for users that require them.
- **Data Steward** – only ones capable of reconciling and posting data from multiple editing versions.
  - Promote data into authoritative AZNST alignment.
  - Updates go through governance process.
- **Feature Service Publisher** – Publishes a new version of the data.
- **Editor** – members of partners that can send AZNST alignment edits to FS R3.
- **Viewer** – Anyone who can view or download the data including the public.
How do we exchange data and update our trail?

Workflow through AGOL Feature services

• Looking for ways partners can submit new or revised alignments
• Could be multiple data formats – GPS, shapefile, version
• Entire geography served based on NTDS
• Governance and approval done through data stewards and Board
• Standardized workflow - promoting edits to authoritative data
• Roles determined by workflow – access level
Arizona National Scenic Trail Feature Service Findings and Recommendations

ESRI Database Services

Prepared by: Matt Keeling
Last Modification Date: 1/04/2018

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Conclusion

How we are doing

• Working with our national and regional groups to implement
• Permission for editors in USDA FS R3 Enterprise geodatabase. (eAuthentication)
• Collecting a viable complete trail location
• Implementing FS trail portions into national database